

EIGHT PAGES.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT
Mining News—Every County
TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 1909.

BISBEE REVIEW

REGULAR MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

BISBEE, ARIZONA, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1909.

PUBLISHED IN THE BEST MINING
CITY ON EARTH.

POPULATION, 18,200; MONTHLY
PAY ROLL, \$500,000.

NO. 146.

NEW RAILROAD WILL BE BUILT BY CANANEA CO.

Consolidated Copper Company
Granted Four Concessions
By Mexican Government

ROAD WILL PARALLEL
INTERNATIONAL LINE

Douglas Expected to Be Most
Important Point Approach-
ed—Will Gain

(Special to Review.)

CITY OF MEXICO, June 14.—It was learned today that the Mexican government has granted concessions to the Cananea Consolidated Copper company, S. A., of Cananea, Mexico, for the construction of a line of railroad from Imitis, a station on the Sonora railroad which runs from Nogales to Guaymas. Work on these railroad lines is to be started at once. This railroad line is covered by four concessions as follows:

Line No. 1.—From Del Rio, near Cananea, east to a point on the line between the states of Sonora and Chihuahua, touching the international line at Agua Prieta, opposite the city of Douglas, Arizona.

Line No. 2.—From Del Rio to Imitis station on the Sonora railroad.

Concession No. 3.—From the point where concession No. 1 ends on the Sonora-Chihuahua line to a point on the Rio Grande, Sierra Madre and Pacific railroad at or near Guzman station.

Line No. 4.—From Guzman station east to a point on the Mexican Central railroad.

DOUGLAS, June 14.—Dr. Ricketts arrived in the city this morning from El Paso and when a representative of the Review called on him in the office of the Cananea Consolidated Copper company in this city, he was very busy with C. S. Henning, who has been in charge of the surveys made for the lines covered by the concessions mentioned in the dispatch from the City of Mexico. Dr. Ricketts desires to permit any statement further than that he proposed to start construction work on the railroad to be built by his company across the northern part of the states of Sonora and Chihuahua in Mexico immediately.

"You may say," said Dr. Ricketts, "that work on the proposed lines of railroad will be started at once and that they will be constructed in a manner, 50-pound steel to be used and the timber to be all crooked. The grade will be very light—the lightest that the topography of the country will permit amounting to no more than one per cent, except on the mountain divisions."

Touches Line Here.

The information contained in the advertisement published today in connection with the concessions granted to the Cananea Consolidated Copper company, as told in the dispatch from the City of Mexico and the announcement of Dr. Ricketts that work is to be started on these new lines of railroad at once constitute the best news that has been given to the public by Douglas since this city was first marked on the map. The completion of this line of railroad which will run far from the international line through the states of Sonora and Chihuahua, touching at Agua Prieta, will be of great importance to this city as well as to the states of Sonora and Chihuahua. The headquarters of this railroad will be maintained at Douglas, or Agua Prieta, just across the international line. Machine shops will no doubt be located here, and it is easy to see that a vast amount of additional trade will be brought here from Cananea and other points on the line to Douglas.

Will Penetrate Timber Belt.

The line going from here to a connection with the Mexican Central railroad will touch the very heart of the timber belt in the Sierra Madre mountains and this timber will be brought to the mining districts of southern Arizona through Douglas. Not only will this timber be brought to Douglas, but it may be assumed that it will be cut up into lumber by great saw mills here. This would be the practical way to market this timber in this country because of the duty on sawed timber, while there is no duty on logs coming from Mexico to the United States. Not only would all this timber come to Douglas, but all the supplies for Cananea, especially coal and coke would be shipped to this new railroad here.

Henning Has Been Animated Mystery.

Since the coming of Mr. Henning to Douglas last fall, there has been much speculation as to whom he was representing in making the various railroad surveys in Mexico. When he first came there were opinions widely conflicting as to the identity of those behind him. In the proposed railroad concessions to the Cananea Consolidated Copper company, it was announced that he was representing the Southern Pacific interests prevalent in certain quarters while others contended that the El Paso and Southwestern was seeking a line to the Mexican Central. The important feature of the announcement today is that this enterprise is of far more importance to Douglas than it has ever been regarded. Heretofore there has been only the line considered between Agua Prieta and Cananea, but now the fact is (Continued on Page Eight.)

Mrs. J. P. Dolliver Follows National Issues Very Closely



WASHINGTON, June 14.—Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver, wife of the senator from Iowa, whose recent attacks on the schedules of the Aldrich tariff bill in the interest of the "ultimate consumer," have caused much excitement, has the speech of any other senator, like her distinguished husband, well equipped mentally. She is a graduate of Wesleyan and will attend the unveiling of a window to the memory of the late Bishop of Massachusetts, Phillips Brooks, this month. The class of which Mrs. Dolliver was a member twenty years ago is to present the window to the college.

Before her marriage, Mrs. Dolliver was Miss Louise Pearson, and she held the chair of mathematics in Northwestern university at Evanston. She is a brilliant conversationalist, and the affairs which she gives at her home on Massachusetts avenue are regarded as treats by those fortunate enough to be invited.

SUSPEND SENTENCE IN TWO INSTANCES BY VIRTUE OF LAW

Court Shows Mercy in Case
of Two Convicted Prison-
ers Yesterday

HARRY DUEY MAY ASK
FOR CHANGE OF VENUE

(Special to Review.)

TOBACCO, June 14.—Judge Doan today suspended sentence in two cases, and in so doing took occasion to give one of the prisoners a strong temperance lecture. This was in the case of John Ransom. Judge Doan told Ransom that he was aware that he committed the assault while he was drunk and that he must abstain from liquor entirely in the future. Ransom will report either personally or by mail every 30 days and if at any time the court learns that he is drinking he will be rounded up and have to serve his sentence.

Jesus Gilblas, who was convicted of the crime of rape, who wanted to marry the girl but is prevented by the objection of her father, also had a suspended sentence given him. He is also to report and in his reports must state what employment he has and what wages he is getting. The court stated it believed that if he should keep steady and prosper he might marry the girl in the course of six months or a year.

District court opened this morning at nine o'clock and before the hour of the noon adjournment had been submitted to the jury and two verdicts of guilty returned.

The first case called was that of the Territory vs. John Ransom, who was indicted on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. Ransom had been committed in Courtland a few months since, when he attacked a youth and beat him over the head with a large rock. The jury was out but a few moments and returned a verdict finding him guilty as charged in the indictment and recommending him to the mercy of the court.

The next case called was that of the Territory vs. Jesus Gilblas, charged with rape, who had entered a plea of guilty, but who was allowed to withdraw it. In view of the fact that he could not be sentenced under the new law of indeterminate sentence and who is willing to marry the Mexican girl involved in the case. There was not much defense made and the jury were out but a few moments and brought in a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment and recommending the prisoner to the mercy of the court. This evening Gilblas was sentenced by Judge Doan.

The business for the jury having been concluded during the forenoon they were given the afternoon to themselves.

In the case of the Greene Cattle company vs. Thomas Larion, a defendant was filed to the amended complaint and argued before the court which was overruled.

David Mitchell and Edwin G. Boyer were admitted to citizenship on the United States side of the court.

Court Notes.

There is a possibility that Judge Doan will be here for a few days to

LA FOLLETTE IS MOST DRAMATIC IN HIS SPEECH

Wisconsin Senator Flays Pen-
rose of Pennsylvania With
Caustic Words

GREATEST SPEECH SINCE
DAYS OF JOHN INGALLS

Crowds in Galleries Hang
Breathlessly Upon the
Speaker's Words

(Special to Review by Tav.)

WASHINGTON, June 14.—There is something more important before the senate and before the country, than any individual senator, or than the record of any individual senator. A great subject is before this body. It strikes right down into the lives and the homes and prosperity and the happiness of the people of this country. It does not affect merely manufacturer, but those who work for a day's wages, they who have hard times in this life. This bill that we are passing goes out and for ten years will bear upon the people of this whole country—nearly ninety million of them—either fairly or unfairly, justly or unjustly. I tell you it is of tremendous consequences what we do here each day.

La Follette was slowly leading up to his direct reply to Penrose of Pennsylvania, who, in the absence of the Wisconsin senator, had charged the latter with bad faith in his masterful two-day speech against the iniquities of the cotton schedule.

In the galleries, the spectators in the first row were leaning over their railings, their faces tense. Still back of them hundreds of others were watching the drama. For the moment everyone seemed electrified. It was as if a scene like those in the days when John J. Ingalls held everyone within the hearing of his voice, spell-bound.

The situation was full of meaning to close observers. It revealed a great party hopelessly split; La Follette, representing the progressive wing, hurling bitter condemnation at Penrose, in appearance and fact the typical warmonger.

All through the previous day La Follette had been summing up the framers of the tariff bill. Speaking the sentiments of the Democratic side of the senate, he had shown how the rate on cottons of the grades below the standard had been advanced, how the power to regulate the price the poor must pay for such necessities had been placed more securely in the hands of a few American manufacturers.

La Follette then centered his gaze directly at Penrose. Speaking with intense feeling and in dramatic tones, the Wisconsin senator, recalling the storm of criticism to which he had been subjected during his political career, said:

"At every step in that long fight I was tempted by personal attacks of the most virulent kind, misrepresenting my character, attempting to destroy my credit, my influence, trying to get everything I did and everything I said to be drawn into a course for myself. I said 'I permit myself to be drawn into a course for myself.' When I answered the storm that beat upon me, I turned neither to the right nor to the left. When assailed and misrepresented, my answer was: 'The corporations in the state of Wisconsin are not being equally taxed.' I responded to charges against me personally. You corporations must pay your fair share. When I said: 'These corporations in this commonwealth shall not control the highways that lead to commerce, taxing this man so much to get to market, and that man so much so that they shall be regulated in the control of the highways that lead to market.' So, in respect to every assault made upon me, Mr. President, my answer was the great issue.

"I have in my life taken the center pathway. I could have done so; I never have. What I am saying today is being said because a deep conviction has held of me. For fifteen years out of the heart of my life has been carved the best portion of any man's life, and given to the great struggle in my state. I had as good and lucrative a law practice and could have paid by as comfortable a fortune for my family as befall most men of good fair ability in their profession. I got deeply interested in certain things that seemed to me to go to the roots of the life of this government, according to the principles which our fathers established for us. It took hold of me. It took me out of my profession; it put me into a contest in the state of Wisconsin to establish in that commonwealth first of all, if possible, a government by the people and for the people.

"Mr. President, I would not be provincial. I would not be boastful, but something has been accomplished in this state that draws the leaders of students of government from every state in this union. From every great university, from the economic departments of the great universities of Europe, they have come to the little capital in Wisconsin to study the life written in the statute books in fifteen years in that state, especially with respect to the governing of corporations and their relation to the life of the people."

Peculiar Error.

In the printing of the session laws a rather amusing error occurs in one of the paragraphs which govern the duties of the county examiner, and in view of the fact that the Board of Supervisors have recently appointed Charles Packard to that position, the quoting of that paragraph at this time will not be amiss:

In addition to the heretofore mentioned sworn statement the said expert accountant shall also file a written report with said board of supervisors, containing such recommendations and suggestions as will in his judgment simplify and make more effective the system of keeping the records, books and accounts in the office of county officers, and the Board of Supervisors may in its discretion require the various county officers to amend their system of keeping accounts, books and records in accordance with the recommendations.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

The Real Victims in the Clemenson Murder Mystery



CHICAGO, June 14.—Three year old "Baby John" and "Big Brother" Haldane Clemenson, Jr., five years old, made motherless by the tragedy but kept in ignorance of their loss.

The two pathetic figures in the Clemenson mystery are the beautiful young children made motherless by the murder. The father, Dr. Clemenson is in prison charged with the awful deed, though in a partial confession he has stated he would clear up the entire mystery before the coroner's inquest.

Mrs. Clemenson was found dead in bed in her own room and the theory was first put forward by her husband that burglars had entered the house and chloroformed both of them. Matches were strewn about the floor and \$50 in money besides silverware was reported missing. Now the doctor, who is a well known physician, has admitted that the story he told is false and that he only told it to cover up a more far-reaching crime which would bring dishonor upon his children.

COMMENT MADE ON BRAVERY OF WOMEN IN CALHOUN'S TRIAL

Members of American Fair Sex
Show Courage While Under
Fire at Manila

Prosecutor O'Gara Presents
Half of State's Arguments
in All Day Speech

(Special to Review.)

MANILA, June 14.—The bravery and coolness under fire of the American woman at Davao, during the siege of the convent in which all Americans were gathered during the mutiny of June 6th, when a part of a company of Philippine constabulary at that post revolted, is the subject of warm praise in the private message received today from Davao which contains further details of the affair. After the attack on the barracks which fell into the hands of mutineers, all the American constabulary who remained loyal, gathered in the convent and repulsed the assaults of the mutineers. The women remained cool and unafraid during the defense of the building and assisted the men in every way possible. Captain Allen Walker of the Philippine scouts and governor of Davao province, was slightly wounded during the attack on the church. The result of the twenty-three mutineers who retreated to the mountains when their assaults upon the convent proved unavailing has already commenced. The mutineers are of the Visayan tribe and two companies of the Moro constabulary will join in the pursuit later.

CARLSBAD IRRIGATION FEES ARE ANNOUNCED

New Mexico Project Will Charge \$1.36
For Each Irrigable Acre of Land

(Special to Review.)

WASHINGTON, June 14.—A public notice has just been issued by the secretary of the interior announcing that the fee for operation and maintenance of the Carlsbad Irrigation project, New Mexico, for the year 1909 shall be \$1.36 per acre of irrigable land, and shall be due on December 1, 1909, and that the same rate shall remain in effect for subsequent years until further notice, the charges becoming due on December 1 of each year.

FORMER UNITED COPPER OF- FICIAL INDICTED BY JURY.

NEW YORK, June 14.—An indictment against Sanford Robinson, formerly vice president of the United Copper company was found guilty by the federal grand jury here today. He is charged with aiding and abetting in conspiring away books of the company, wanted by the grand jury in the Helms investigation.

Speaking very slowly, enunciating each word clearly and looking directly across the chamber at the Senator from Pennsylvania, (Penrose), La Follette said:

"As to the remarks of the Senator from Pennsylvania, I would suggest that he would render more important service to the country, to the state of Pennsylvania, and to the United States, when he accounts for the way he spends his time when absent from this body, than in any effort to make any account of mine.

"I might add, Mr. President, that no man could undertake in account for the whereabouts of the Senator from Pennsylvania without transgressing the rules of the senate, and that I do not propose to do in this debate."

SLAVONIA HITS ROCKS BUT ALL ON BOARD SAFE

Steering Passengers Reported
As Being Excited When
Crash Came

UNSTINTED PRAISE IS
BESTOWED ON SAILORS

Third Class Occupant On Ill
Fated Steamer Tries to
Commit Suicide

(Special to Review.)

GIBRALTAR, June 14.—The German Lloyd steamer Prinzess Irene, arrived this afternoon, having on board the first class passengers of the Cunard steamer Slavonia, which ran ashore on the night of June 10, on Flores Island, one of the Azores group.

The Slavonia sailed from New York on June 3, and met fair weather until nearing the Azores. When fog set in, she was under a good head of steam, the passengers reported today, when she struck a rock off Flores Island. The water rushed in and in an incredible short time flooded the hold and reached the engines. The passengers were awakened by the shock and hurried to the deck. It was then about 2:30 in the morning. The passengers of the first and second cabins behaved admirably, but the steerage passengers showed much excitement. The officers did everything possible to assure the passengers and the ban played popular airs. A call for help was sent out by the wireless, which was responded to by the Prinzess Irene, but long before her arrival of the scene the Slavonia's own boats had landed the passengers. The Prinzess Irene, which reached the Slavonia later on Thursday evening, embarked the saloon passengers the following morning.

HOPES ENTERTAINED FOR SAILORS' LIVES

Russian Submarine Sinks in Collision
With Heavy Battleship.

(Special to Review.)

SEBASTOPOL, June 14.—Slight hope is entertained that the twenty men who went down in the Russian submarine Kambala, which was sunk in collision with the battleship "Rostislav" during the maneuvers last night, are still alive. Desperate efforts are being made by the officers and men of the Black Sea fleet, with the assistance of divers and salvage workers from Sebastopol to raise the submarine before the imprisoned men succumb.

Rear Admiral Boström, commander of the naval forces in the Black Sea has taken personal charge of the operations assembled at the scene of the catastrophe. Gas of these is equipped with a powerful hoisting crane. Apparently the submarine was not crushed as had been feared.

MYSTERIOUS CRAFT AROUSES ACTIVITIES

Government Entertains the Idea That
Filibustering Expedition Is
Organized.

EDMONTON, N. C., June 14.—The news here of the steamer Nanticoke, which mysteriously changed hands recently at Elizabeth City, after having been put in thorough readiness for sea service, has aroused the government to activity, under the impression that a filibustering expedition is organized. A revenue cutter is looking after the expedition. A dispatch from Washington says an allied expedition is directed against Venezuela and that two vessels are being watched.

ARIZONA FAIR RACES.

PHOENIX, June 14.—The fair commission tonight announced the racing card for the fair to be held next November. Purse totaling \$27,000 inclusive of the \$10,000 Arizona Copper Stake race to be divided into two parts, half for a trotting race and half for pacing.

POSTMASTER ACCUSED OF HOLDING UP TRAIN

Description of Prominent Business
Man Tallies With One
of Robbers.

SPOKANE, June 14.—(Special to Review.)

DEATH OF RACING GAME IS DUE TO GENERAL NEGRAVITY

SALT LAKE, June 14.—(Special to Review.)

President James G. McLaughlin of the Utah state fair association, "a morose" man, has indicated the association to look with distrust upon any proposition looking to a continuance of the present racing season at the state fair grounds track.